



ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ  
ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ

# Εισαγωγή στα Δίκτυα Υπηρεσιών

**Assisting Lecture 9b - Top Down SOAP Web  
Services and Php Clients)**

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Τμήμα Επιστήμης Υπολογιστών

# **Introduction to Service Networks**

## **CS-592 – Spring 2015**

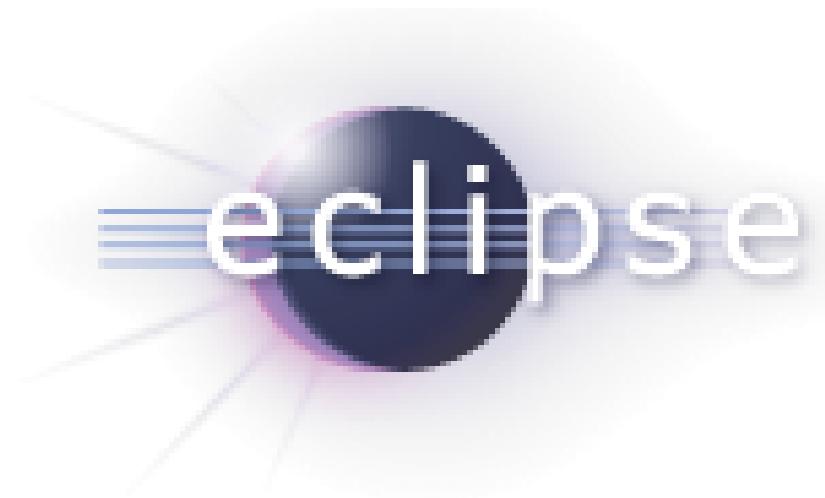
**Assisting Lecture 12: Top- Down WS with Apache  
Tomcat, Axis2, Eclipse – Part II**

**Myron Papadakis**

# Outline

- Previous Lab: Tools for Top-Down Web Services and AreaService Example with clients
- Top-Down Web Services (cont'd)
  - Math Web Service
  - Loan Web Service
- Web Services Clients: Soap and Php

# Eclipse Axis2 Lab Example



# Lab Example Description

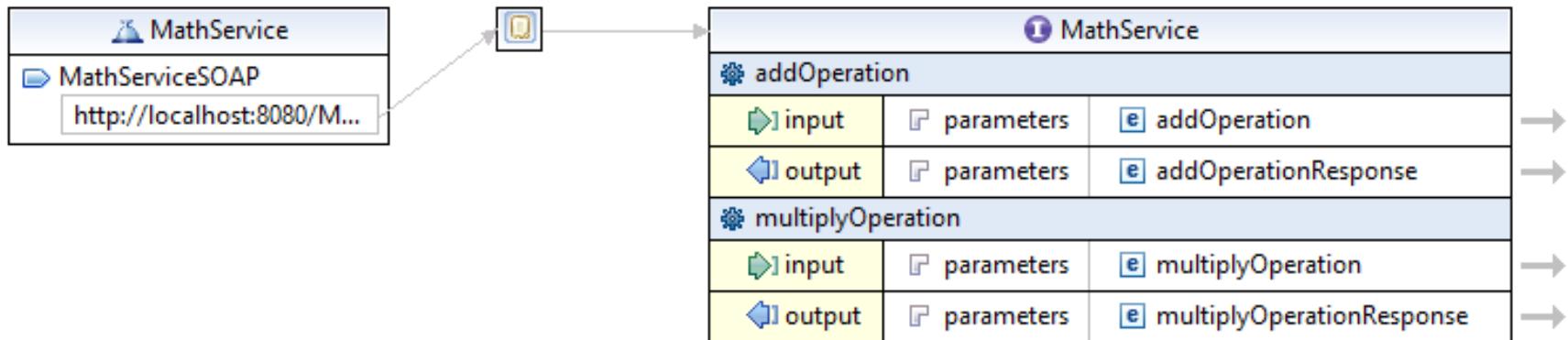
- Create a web service:
  - takes as input two integers
  - Returns the sum of the two integers
  - Returns the multiplication of the integers
- The Web Service will also have to be developed in Eclipse (as a Dynamic Web Project) using the top-down approach.

# Lab Assignment

- Step 1: Interface of the Web Service
  - Create the WSDL file for the Math Service
  - Add 2 operations in the WSDL
    - Add: operation that adds two integers
    - Multiply: operation that multiplies two integers
- Step 2: Implementation of the service operations
  - Use Axis2 and create a top-down web service from the WSDL
  - Implement the operations defined in the WSDL file in Java
  - Test the Web service...

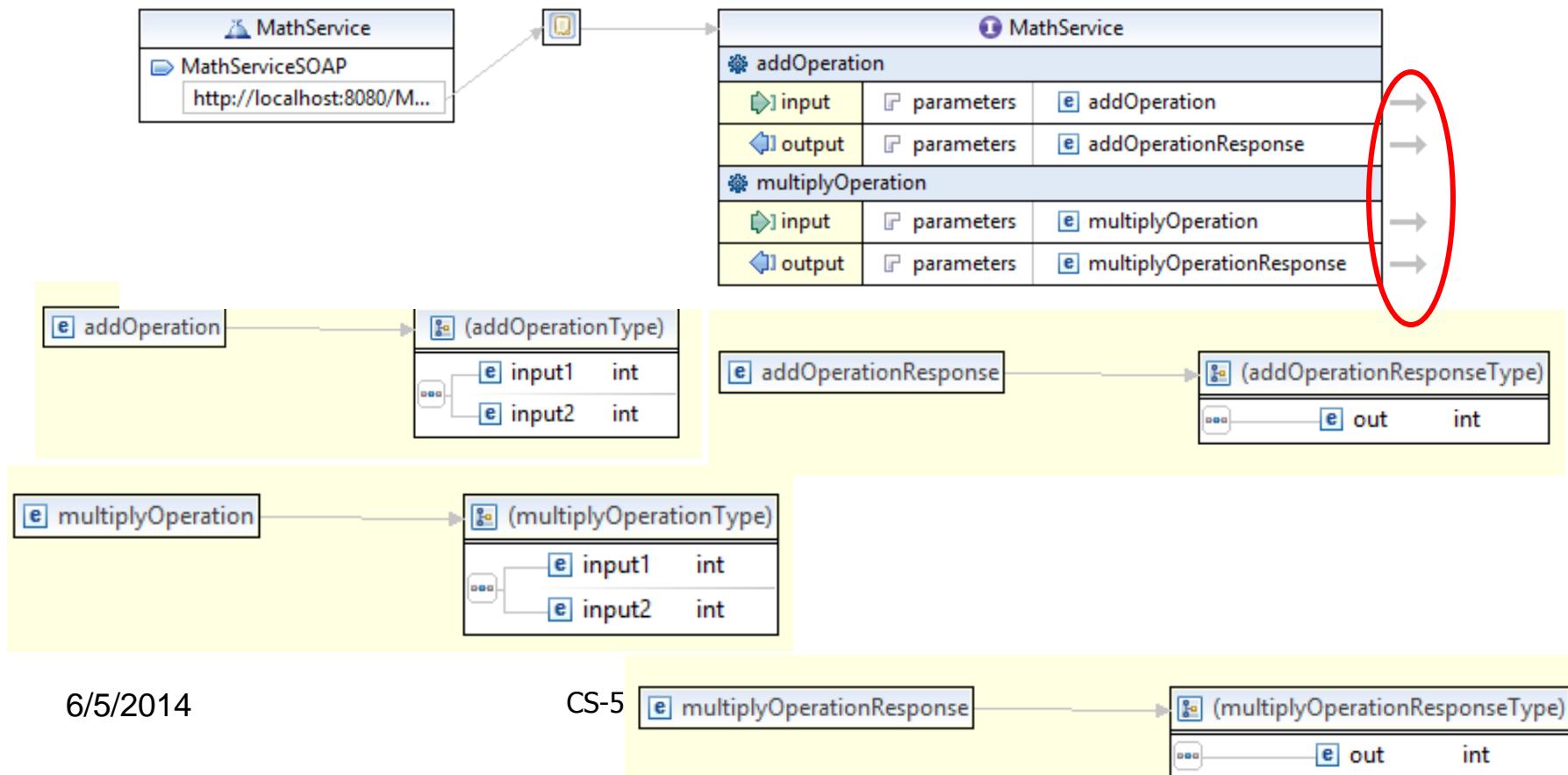
# Developing the Math Web Service

- Create a new Dynamic Web Project called “Math”
- Create a folder WSDL on the Math project.
- Right click on this folder and then New → Other → Web Services → WSDL and name this file MathService.wsdl.
- Add the operations to the WSDL File



# Developing the Math Web Service

- Both of these operations take as input 2 integers and return an integer as a results.



# Developing the Math Web Service

The screenshot shows a BPEL process editor interface. At the top, there are four tabs: MathIfProcess.bpel, MathService.wsdl, MathIfProcessArtifacts.wsdl, and MathService.wsdl (the active tab). Below the tabs, the main workspace displays two components:

- MathService**: A yellow box containing **MathServiceSOAP** with the address <http://localhost:8080/Math/services/MathService>.
- MathService**: A white box listing two operations:
  - addOperation**: Input parameters: addOperation; Output parameters: addOperationResponse.
  - multiplyOperation**: Input parameters: multiplyOperation; Output parameters: multiplyOperationResponse.

Below the workspace, there are tabs for **Design** and **Source**. At the bottom, there are toolbars for **Properties**, **Console**, and other development tools. The **port** configuration panel is open, showing the following settings:

General	Name:	MathServiceSOAP
Documentation	Binding:	MathServiceSOAP
Extensions	Address:	<a href="http://localhost:8080/Math/services/MathService">http://localhost:8080/Math/services/MathService</a>
	Protocol:	SOAP

The **Address** field is circled in red.

# Implementing the operations

- Implement the multiply operation



The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the following tabs at the top: MathIfProcess.bpel, MathIfProcessArtifac, MathService.wsdl, and MathServiceSkeleton. The MathServiceSkeleton tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
/*
public class MathServiceSkeleton{

    /**
     * Auto generated method signature
     *
     * @param multiplyOperation
     * @return multiplyOperationResponse
     */

    public org.example.www.mathservice.MultiplyOperationResponse multiplyOperation
    (
        org.example.www.mathservice.MultiplyOperation multiplyOperation
    )
    {
        MultiplyOperationResponse r = new MultiplyOperationResponse();
        r.setOut(multiplyOperation.getInput1() * multiplyOperation.getInput2());
        return r;
    }
}
```

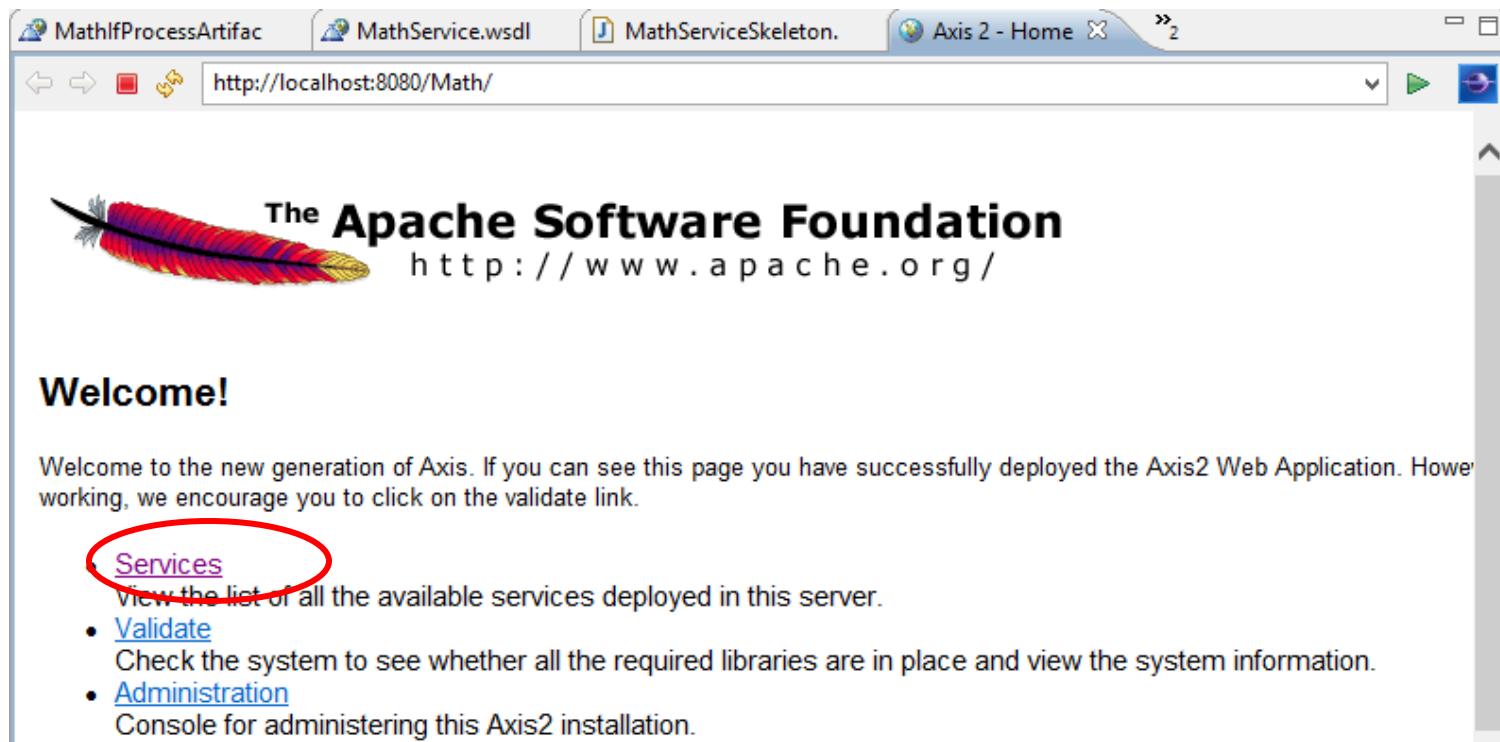
# Implementing the operations

- Similarly implement the add operation in the MathServiceSkeleton.java

```
public org.example.www.mathservice.AddOperationResponse addOperation
(
    org.example.www.mathservice.AddOperation addOperation
)
{
    AddOperationResponse r = new AddOperationResponse();
    r.setOut(addOperation.getInput1() + addOperation.getInput2());
    return r;
}
```

# Running the Math Project

- Right Click the Project and select Run As → Run on Server
- Restart the server if prompted to do so



# Running the Math Project

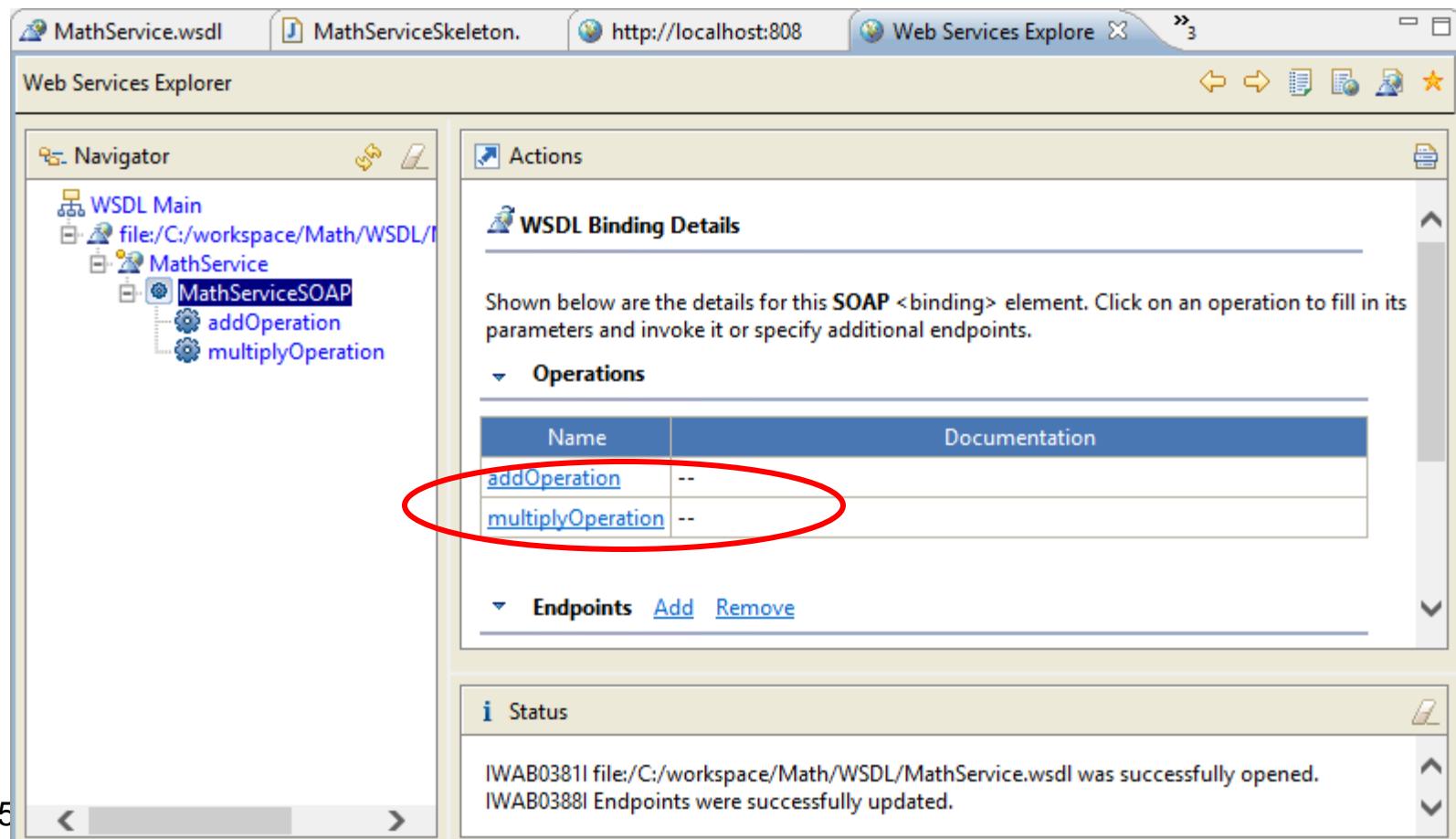


The screenshot shows a web browser window with the following details:

- Tab bar: MathIfProcessArtifac, MathService.wsdl, MathServiceSkeleton, List Services, >\_2
- Address bar: http://localhost:8080/Math/services/listServices
- Content area:
  - The Apache Software Foundation logo and URL: http://www.apache.org/
  - Available services**
  - MathService** (circled in red)
  - Service Description : Math Service
  - Service EPR : http://localhost:8080/Math/services/Math Service
  - Service Status : Active
  - Available Operations*

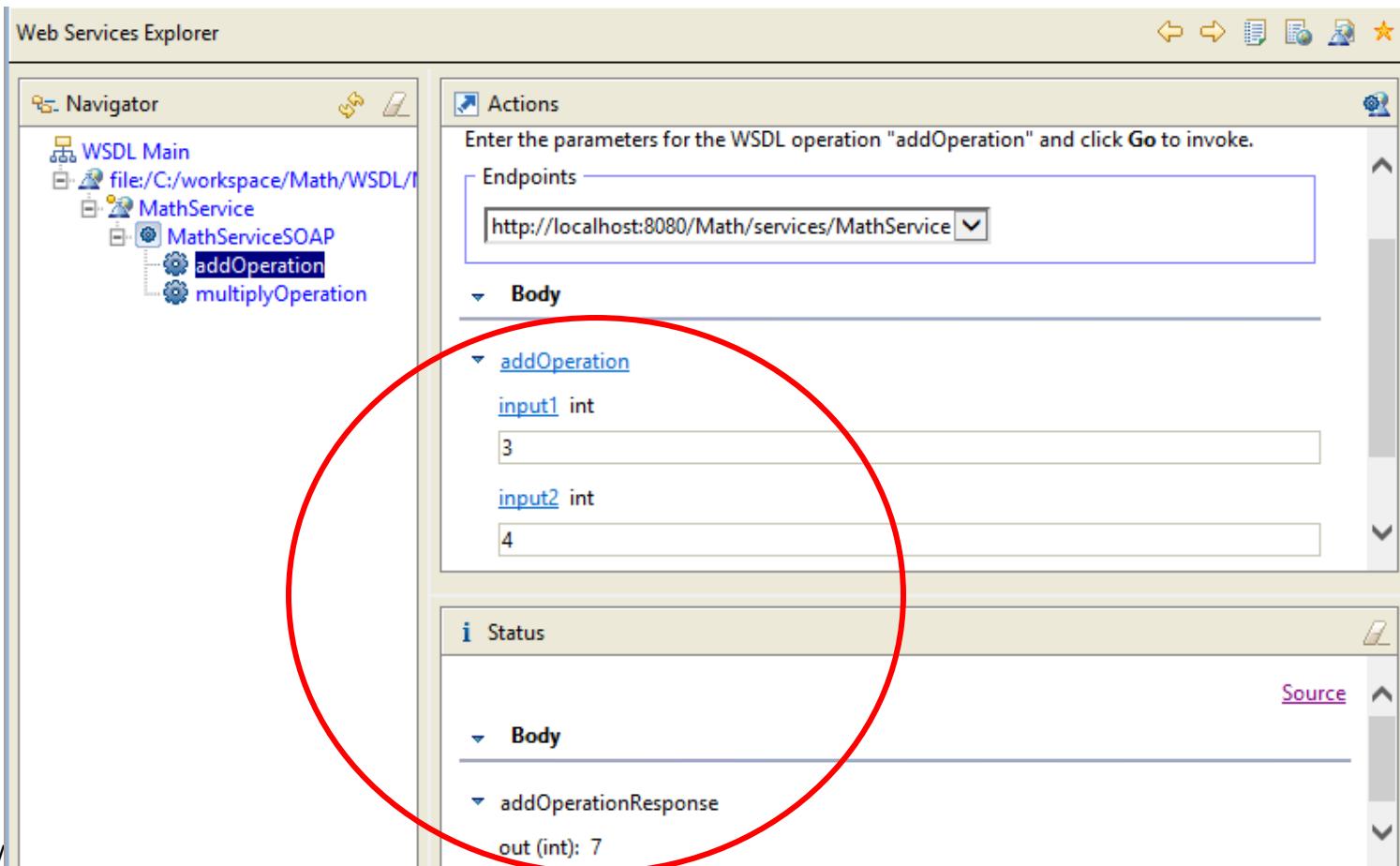
# Running the Math Project > Test Web Service

- Check if service is running



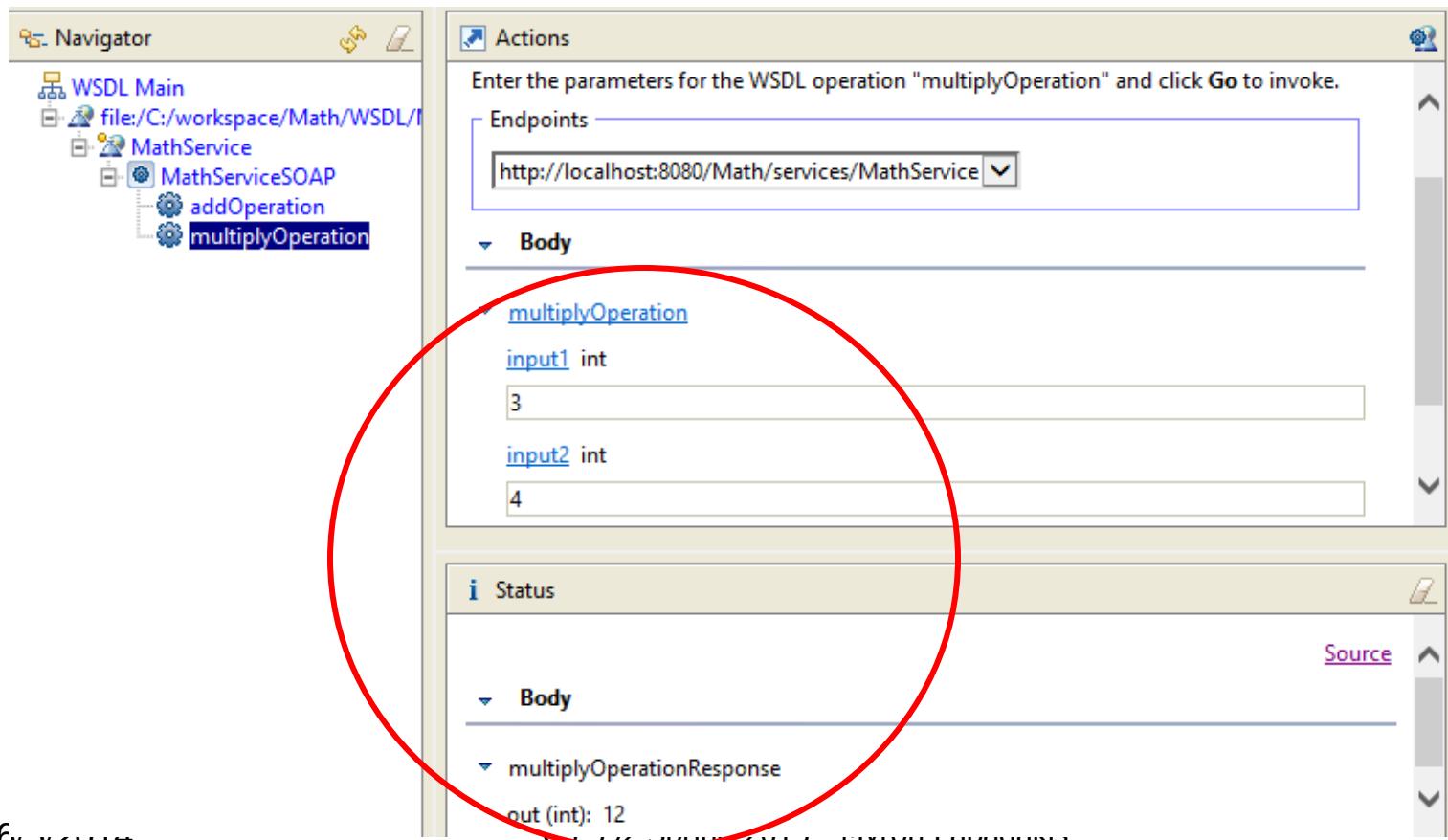
# Running the Math Project > Test Web Service Operations

- Test the addOperation



# Running the Math Project > Test Web Service Operations

- Test the multiplyOperation



# More Axis2 Web Services – Example 3

## Loan Example > Scenario

- Suppose that a client wants to request a loan from a bank
- The client sends the loan request and receives a response afterwards whether the loan was approved or rejected.
- The client sends the following details when asking for a loan
  - Name
  - Address
  - Age
  - Annual Salary
  - Amount Requested
- The bank returns a response to the client. If the loan is rejected for some reason the bank also states the reason of the rejection

## Loan Example > Scenario

- The bank examines the loan request and either approves the loan or not.
- **Age:** If the applicant is under 18 years old or above 65 years old the application is rejected. The response contains a message that informs the applicant about the reason
- **Annual Salary:** If the annual salary is less than 20000 then the application is rejected
- **Amount Requested:** If the amount that the client requests is greater than the amount of loan based on years to pay off loan then the loan is not approved.
  - $\text{limit} = \text{annualSalary} * \text{yearsToRepay} * 0.5$
  - $\text{yearsToRepay} = \text{AVERAGE\_LIFE\_EXPECTANCY} - \text{applicantAge};$
- In any other case the application is approved.

## Steps to create the WS

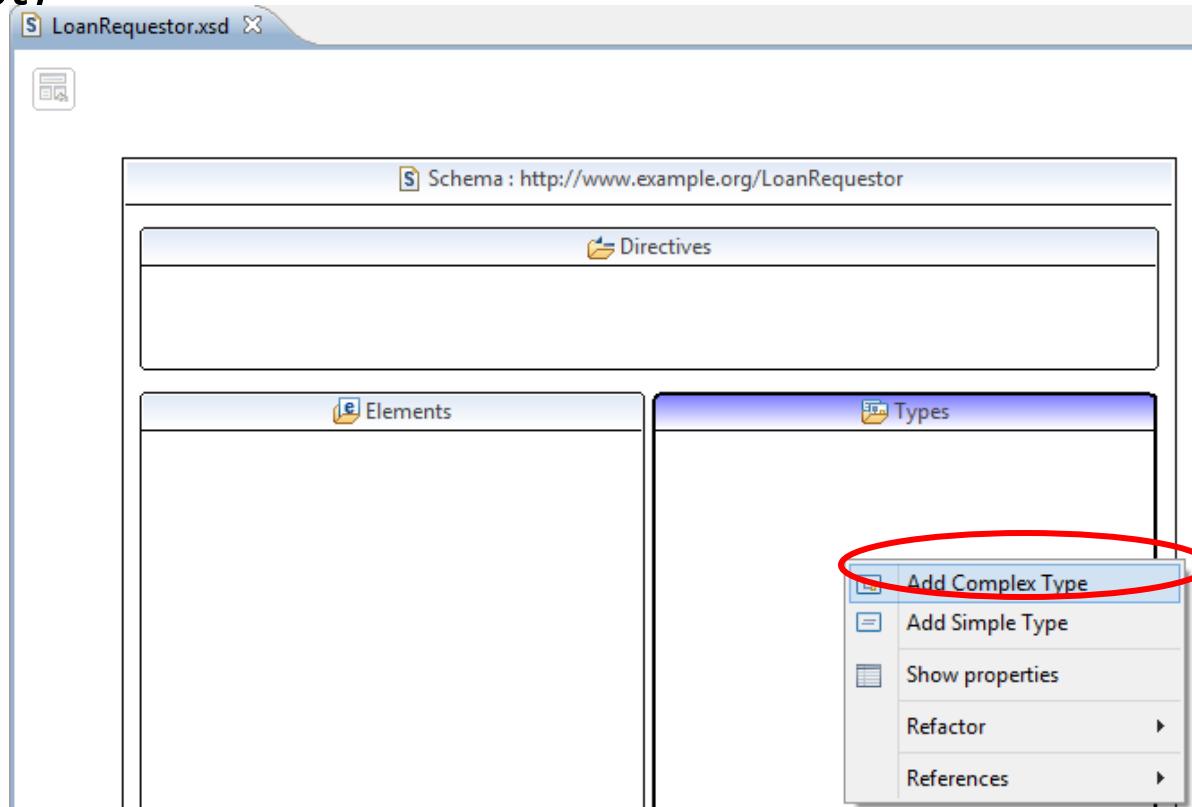
- Create the **XSD Schema** (loan request and loan response)
- Create the WSDL Document for the Web Service and provide the operations of the Web Service
  - Set the types of the request and the responses of the Web Service operations according to the XML Schema
- Create the Web Service from the WSDL using Axis2 (top-down approach)
- Implement the Web Service operations

# Eclipse Dynamic Web Project

- Create a new Dynamic Web Project in Eclipse
- Create a folder “WSDL” in the project
  - In this folder we will place the XML schema and the WSDL document itself.
- Create a new XSD document (LoanRequestor.xsd)
  - File → New → Other → XML → XML Schema

# XSD Schema (1/6)

- Right click in the Types area and select “Add Complex Type” and name it “processApIType” (will be used for the loan request)



# XSD Schema (2/6)

The screenshot shows a user interface for editing an XSD schema. The top bar displays the schema location: `Schema : http://www.example.org/LoanRequestor`. The interface is divided into several panes:

- Directives** pane (top left): Contains a red circle labeled **1**.
- Elements** pane (bottom left): Shows a list of elements.
- Types** pane (center): Shows a list of types. A specific type, `processAppType`, is highlighted with a red oval.
- Additions** pane (right side): A context menu is open over the `processAppType` entry. A red oval surrounds the first item in the list: **Add Element**.
- Bottom Left**: A status bar showing the file name: `*LoanRequestor.xsd`.
- Bottom Right**: A detailed view of the `processAppType` element structure, listing its attributes: `name` (string), `address` (string), `age` (int), `annualSalary` (double), and `amountRequested` (double). A red circle labeled **3** is placed over this structure.

# XSD Schema (3/6)

The screenshot shows a user interface for editing an XSD schema named "LoanRequestor.xsd".

The main window title bar reads "S LoanRequestor.xsd X".

The top menu bar has an icon for opening files.

The main content area has a title bar "Schema : http://www.example.org/LoanRequestor".

Below it is a "Directives" section.

The central workspace is divided into two panels:

- Elements Panel:** Contains a toolbar with icons for "Add Element", "Show properties", "Refactor", and "References". The "Add Element" icon is highlighted with a red oval.
- Types Panel:** Shows a list of elements: "processAppType" (with a blue icon) and "processAppTypeElement" (with a green icon).

At the bottom of the main window, there is another title bar "Schema : http://www.example.org/LoanRequestor" and a "Directives" section.

The bottom-most part of the interface shows the XML structure:

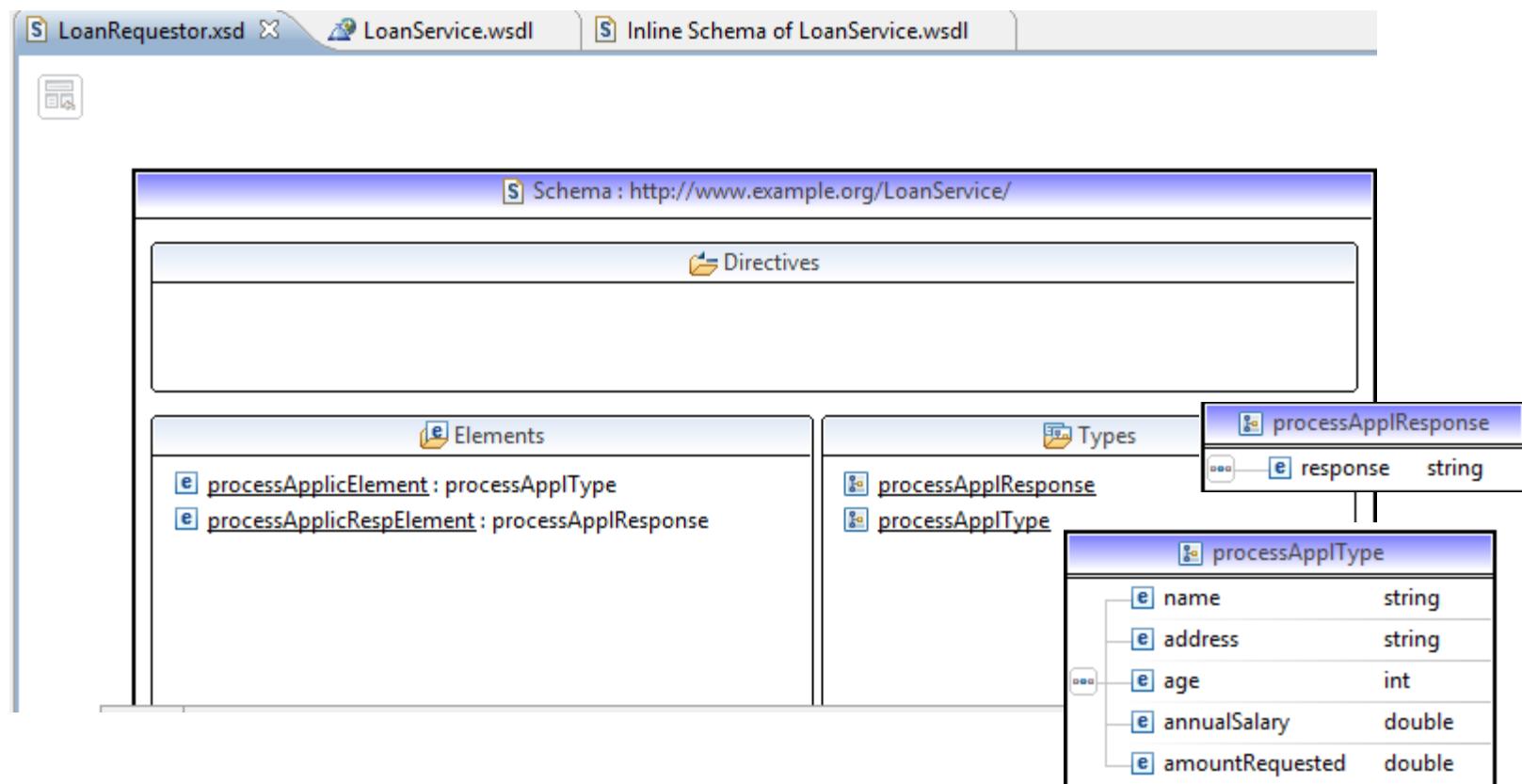
- Elements:** A list containing "processAppTypeElement; string".
- Types:** A list containing "processAppType".

# XSD Schema (4/6)

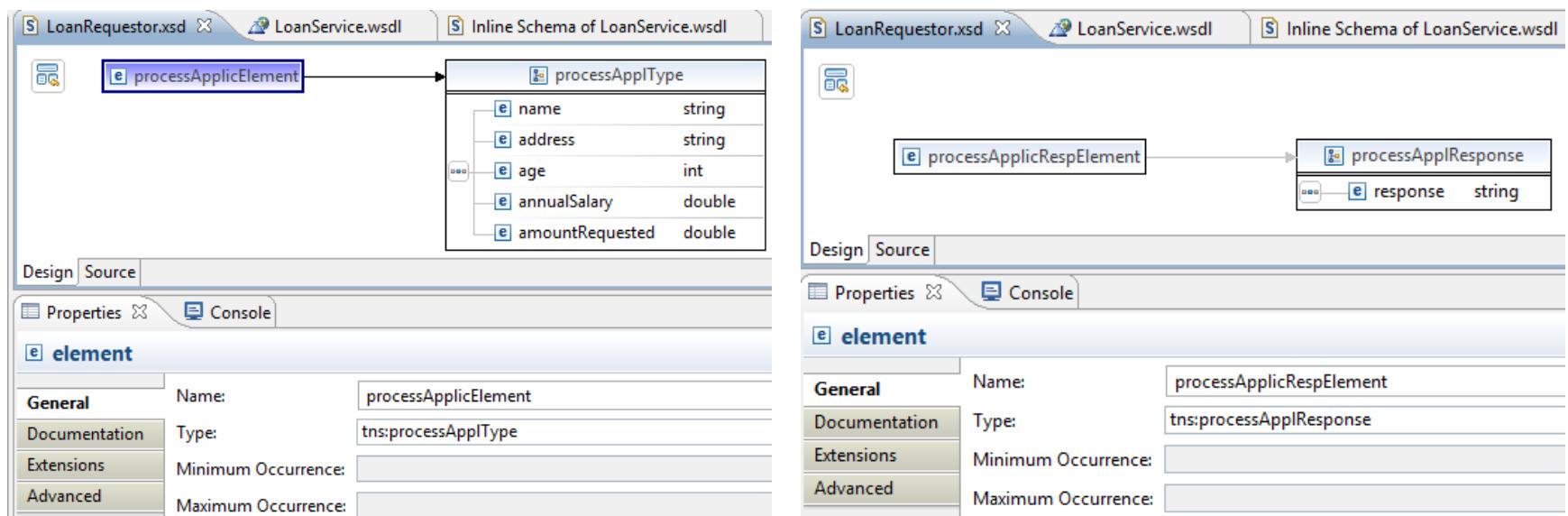
The screenshot shows the 'Design' tab of an IDE interface. In the center, there's a configuration panel for an 'element'. The 'Name:' field contains 'processAppTypeElement'. The 'Type:' dropdown is set to 'string'. To the right of the dropdown, there's a small red circle around the 'Browse...' button. On the left, there are tabs for 'General', 'Constraints', 'Documentation', 'Extensions', and 'Advanced'. The 'General' tab is selected. Below this panel, a 'Set Type' dialog box is open. It has a 'Name' input field and a 'Types' list. The 'Types' list includes various XML schema types like 'negativeInteger', 'NMTOKEN', etc., and at the bottom, it lists 'processAppType - http://www.example.org/LoanReque', which is also circled in red.

**Follow similar steps for the response element..**

# XSD Schema (5/6)

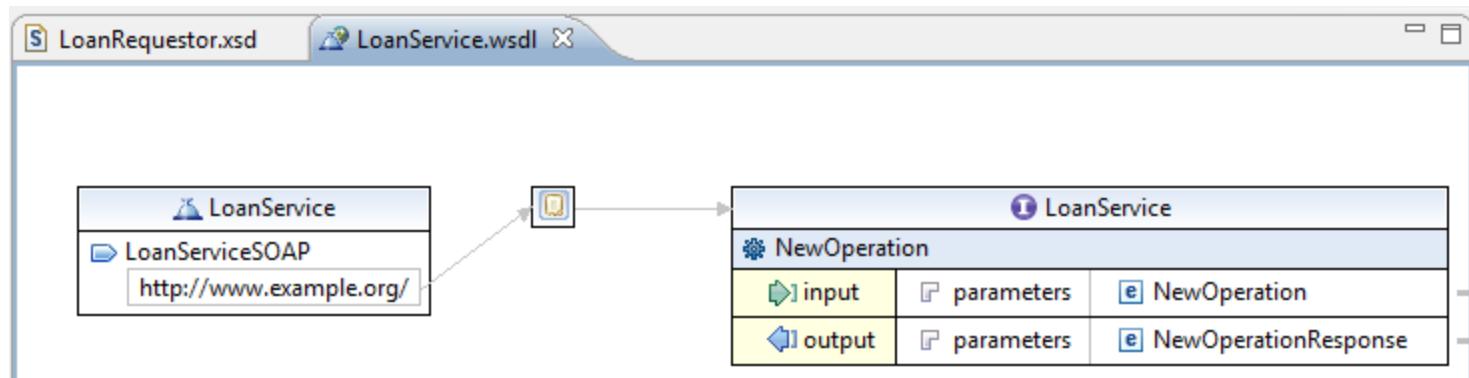


# XSD Schema (6/6)



# Create the WSDL

- Create the WSDL file for the Loan Web Service “LoanService.wsdl”
  - Right Click → File → New → Other → WSDL



- Add a single loanOperation (change the default operation)

# Create the WSDL

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface for creating a Web Services Description Language (WSDL) file. At the top, there are two tabs: 'LoanRequestor.xsd' and 'LoanService.wsdl'. The 'LoanService.wsdl' tab is active.

The main workspace displays a UML-like diagram of the WSDL structure. On the left, a 'LoanService' port type is shown with a 'LoanServiceSOAP' binding and a URL 'http://www.example.org/'. An arrow points from this port type to a 'loanOperation' operation on the right. The 'loanOperation' operation is detailed with an 'input' message, 'parameters' (which is currently selected), and an 'output' message. The 'parameters' section is highlighted with a yellow background.

Below the diagram, the Eclipse interface continues with a toolbar, a 'Design' tab, and a 'Properties' view. The 'Properties' view is open for the 'parameters' part of the 'loanOperation'. It contains three tabs: 'General', 'Documentation', and 'Extensions'. The 'General' tab has fields for 'Name' (set to 'parameters') and 'Element' (set to 'loanOperation'). The 'Extensions' tab has a 'Reference Kind' dropdown with two options: 'Type' (radio button) and 'Element' (radio button, which is selected). A red oval highlights the 'Element' radio button in the 'Extensions' tab.

- Must import the XSD file we created earlier on in order to use the request and response elements...

# WSDL File and XSD

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing WSDL files. At the top, there are three tabs: 'LoanRequestor.xsd', 'LoanService.wsdl', and 'Inline Schema of LoanService.wsdl'. The 'Inline Schema of LoanService.wsdl' tab is active. Below the tabs is a toolbar with icons for file operations. The main area is divided into several panes:

- A top-level pane titled 'Schema : (no target namespace specified)' containing a 'Directives' section with a link to 'LoanRequestor.xsd {http://www.example.org/LoanService/}'.
- Two side-by-side panes below it: 'Elements' on the left and 'Types' on the right, both currently empty.

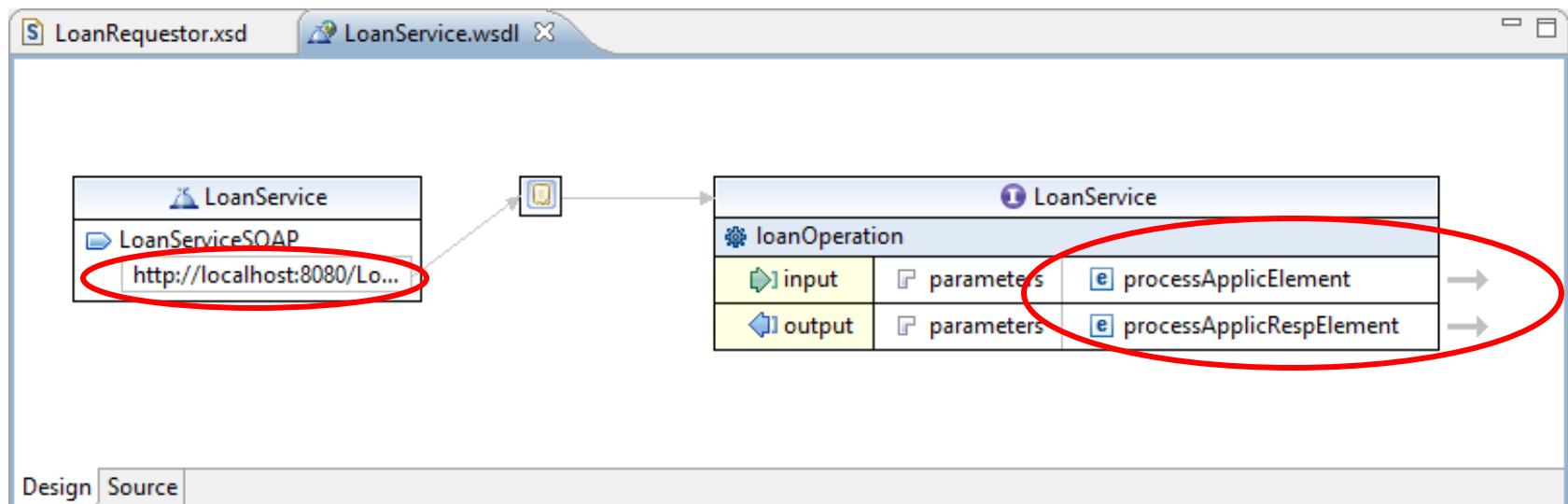
At the bottom of the interface, there is a large text area displaying the XML code for the WSDL file:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/LoanService/" xmlns:w>
  <wsdl:types>
    <xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
      <xsd:import schemaLocation="LoanRequestor.xsd" namespace="http://www.example.org/LoanService/"></xsd:import>
    </xsd:schema>
  </wsdl:types>
  <wsdl:message name="loanOperationRequest">
```

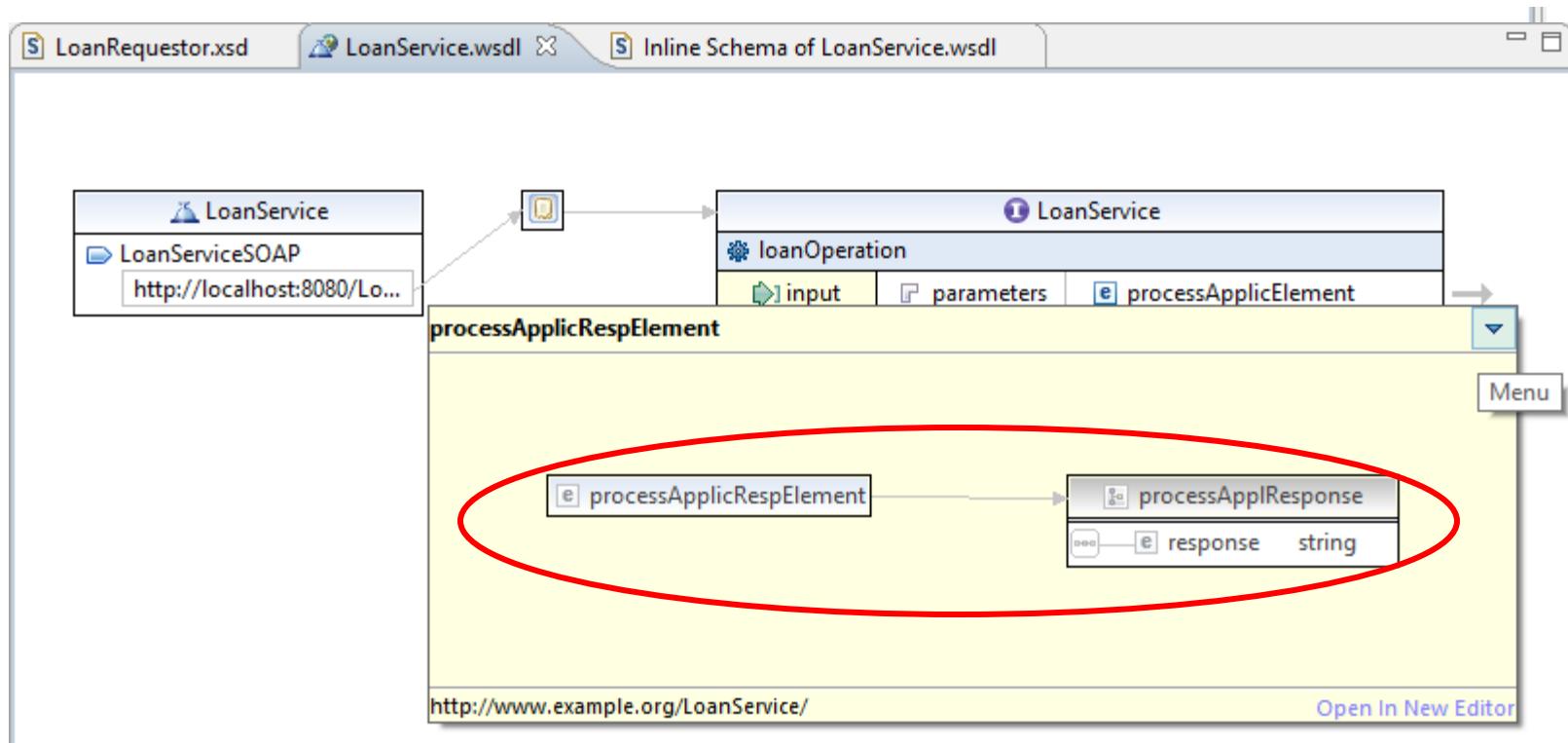
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:tns="http://www.example.org/LoanService/" xmlns:w>
  <wsdl:types>
    <xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
      <xsd:import schemaLocation="LoanRequestor.xsd" namespace="http://www.example.org/LoanService/"></xsd:import>
    </xsd:schema>
  </wsdl:types>
  <wsdl:message name="loanOperationRequest">
```

# WSDL File

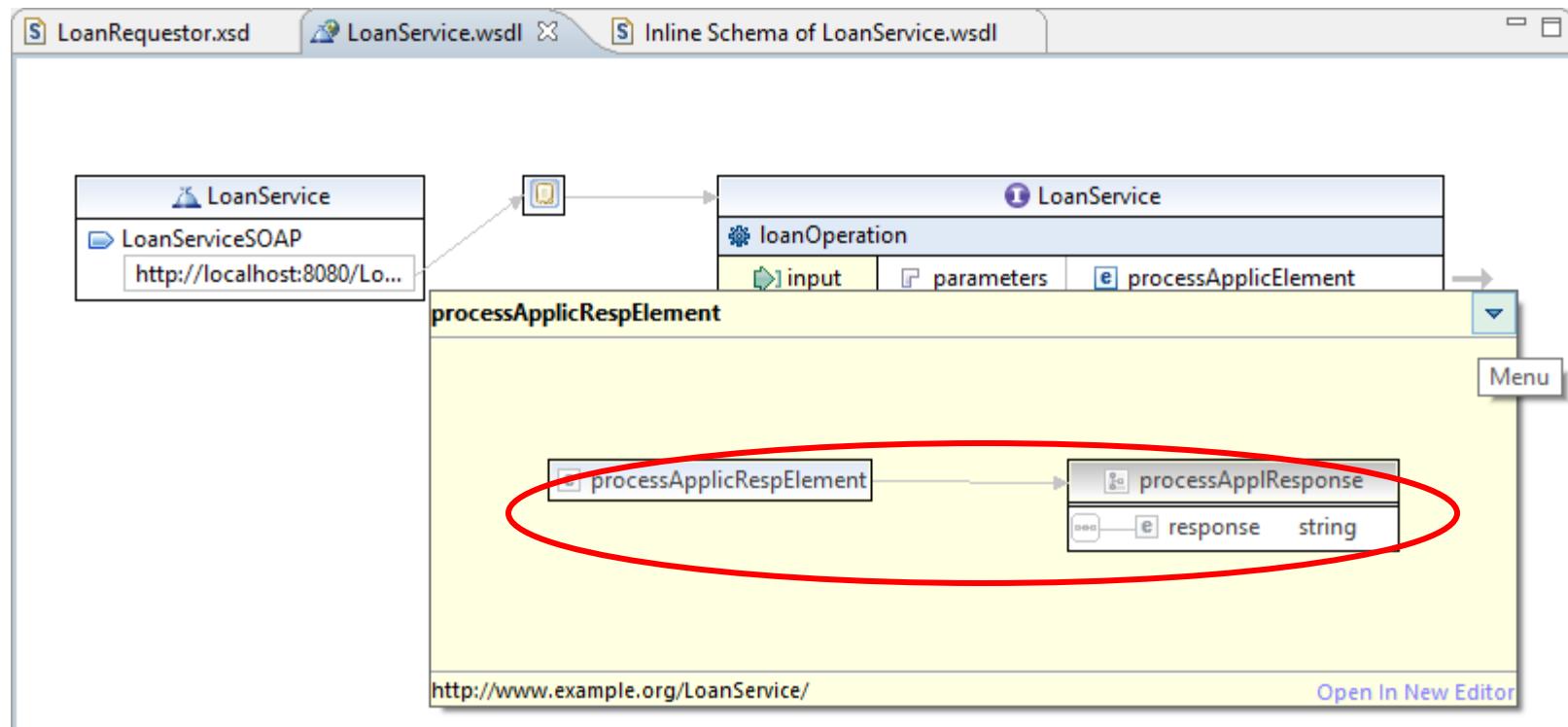
- Use the XSD messages that you created earlier for the request and the response accordingly.
- Do not forget to change the address of the LoanService (Properties View)
  - <http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService>
  - LoanWS: the name of the Eclipse Project



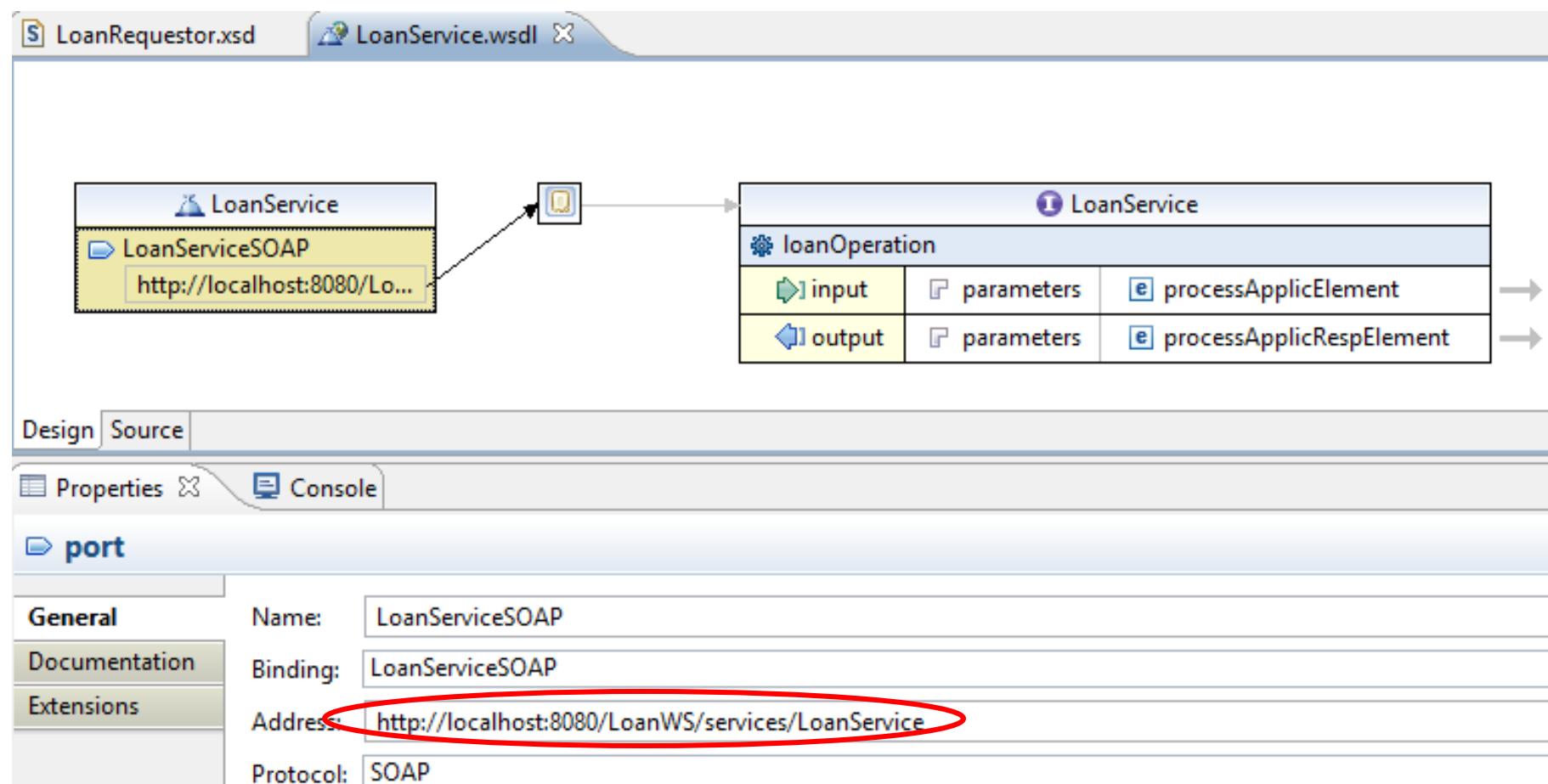
# WSDL File



# WSDL File



# WSDL File

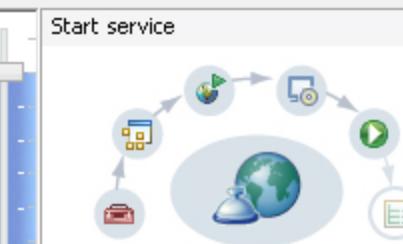


# Axis2 Web Service from WSDL

**Web Services**  
Select a service implementation or definition and move the sliders to set the level of service and client generation.

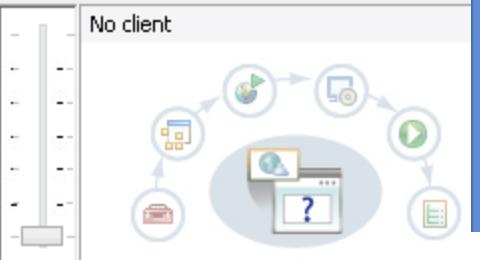
Web service type: Top down Java bean Web Service

Service definition: /LoanWS/WSDL/LoanService.wsdl

Start service 

Configuration: Configuration Tomcat v7.0

Client type: Java Proxy

No client 

**Server startup**  
Start the server from this page.

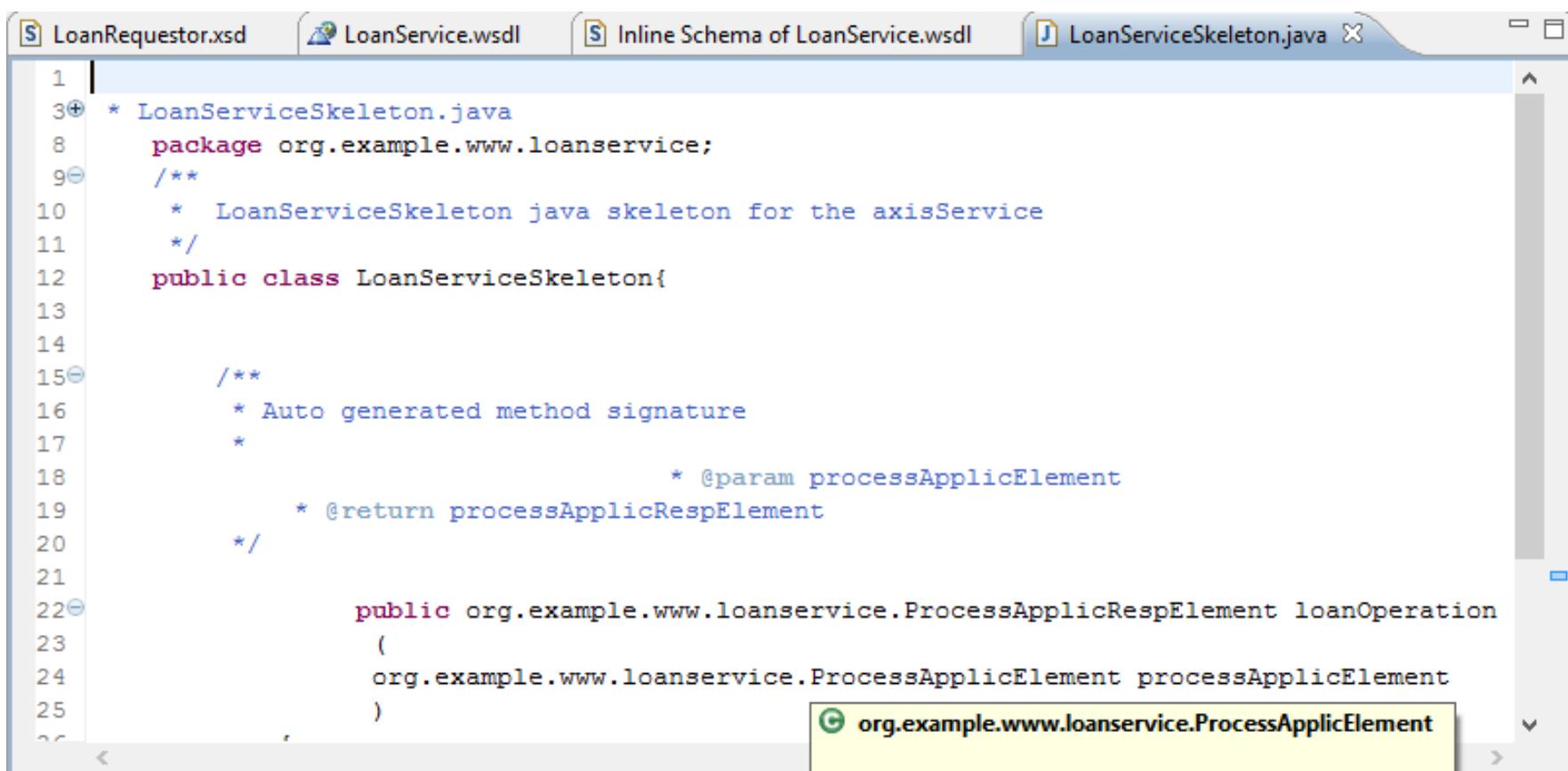
In order to proceed the server "Tomcat v7.0 Server at localhost" must be started.  
Once the server is started the "next" button will be enabled.  
The "back" button can be used while the server is starting to change any previous settings in this wizard.

Currently the server is starting.

Publishing to Tomcat v7.0 Server at localhost...: IWAB0200I Starting server.

Publish the Web service

# Implementing the operations

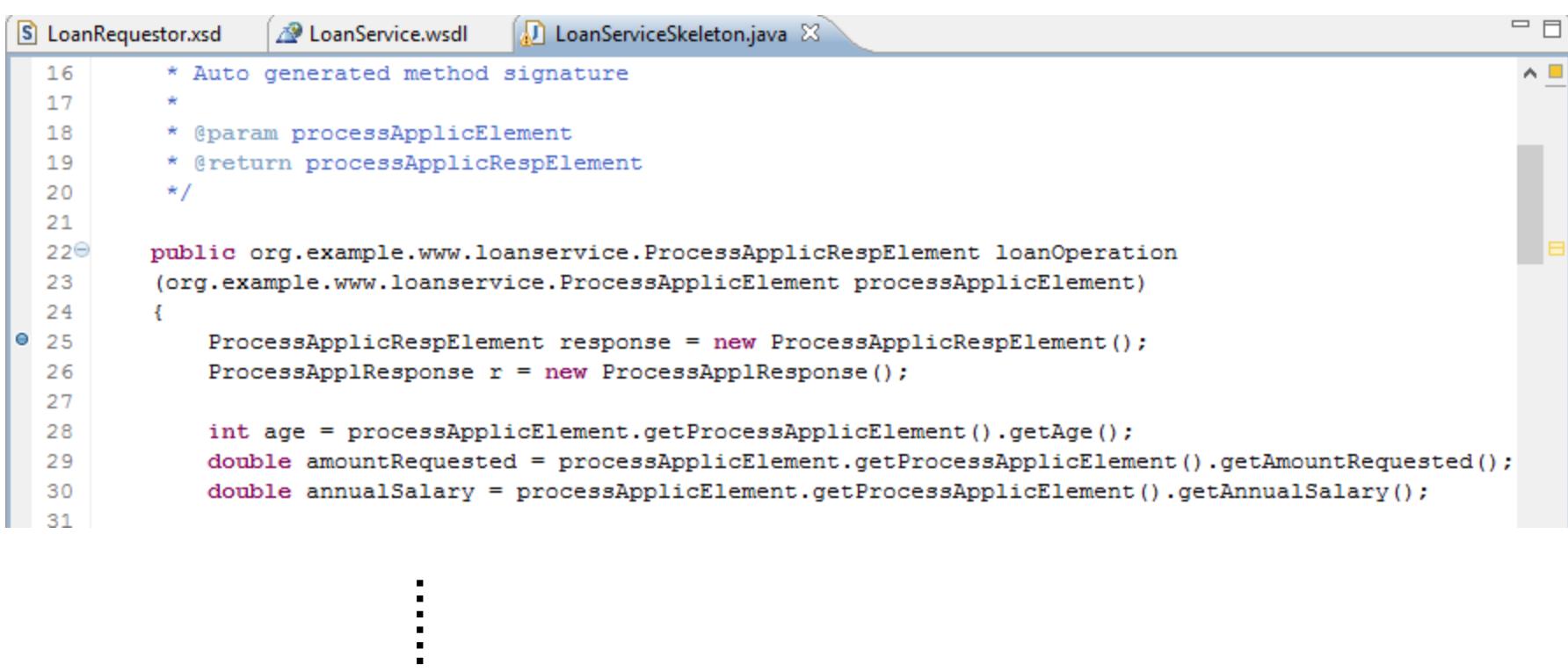


The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the tab bar at the top containing four tabs: 'LoanRequestor.xsd', 'LoanService.wsdl', 'Inline Schema of LoanService.wsdl', and 'LoanServiceSkeleton.java'. The 'LoanServiceSkeleton.java' tab is active. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
1
2+ * LoanServiceSkeleton.java
3+ package org.example.www.loanservice;
4-
5+ /**
6+  * LoanServiceSkeleton java skeleton for the axisService
7+ */
8
9 public class LoanServiceSkeleton{
10
11
12     /**
13         *
14         */
15     /**
16         * Auto generated method signature
17         *
18         * @param processApplicElement
19         * @return processApplicRespElement
20     */
21
22     public org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessApplicRespElement loanOperation(
23         (
24             org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessApplicElement processApplicElement
25         )
26     )
27 }
```

A tooltip is displayed over the line 'org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessApplicElement' in the code, showing the full class name: 'org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessApplicElement'.

# Implementing the operations



The screenshot shows a Java code editor with three tabs at the top: 'LoanRequestor.xsd', 'LoanService.wsdl', and 'LoanServiceSkeleton.java'. The 'LoanServiceSkeleton.java' tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
16     * Auto generated method signature
17     *
18     * @param processAplicElement
19     * @return processAplicRespElement
20     */
21
22    public org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessAplicRespElement loanOperation
23        (org.example.www.loanservice.ProcessAplicElement processAplicElement)
24    {
25        ProcessAplicRespElement response = new ProcessAplicRespElement();
26        ProcessApplResponse r = new ProcessApplResponse();
27
28        int age = processAplicElement.getProcessAplicElement().getAge();
29        double amountRequested = processAplicElement.getProcessAplicElement().getAmountRequested();
30        double annualSalary = processAplicElement.getProcessAplicElement().getAnnualSalary();
31
32        ...
33    }
```

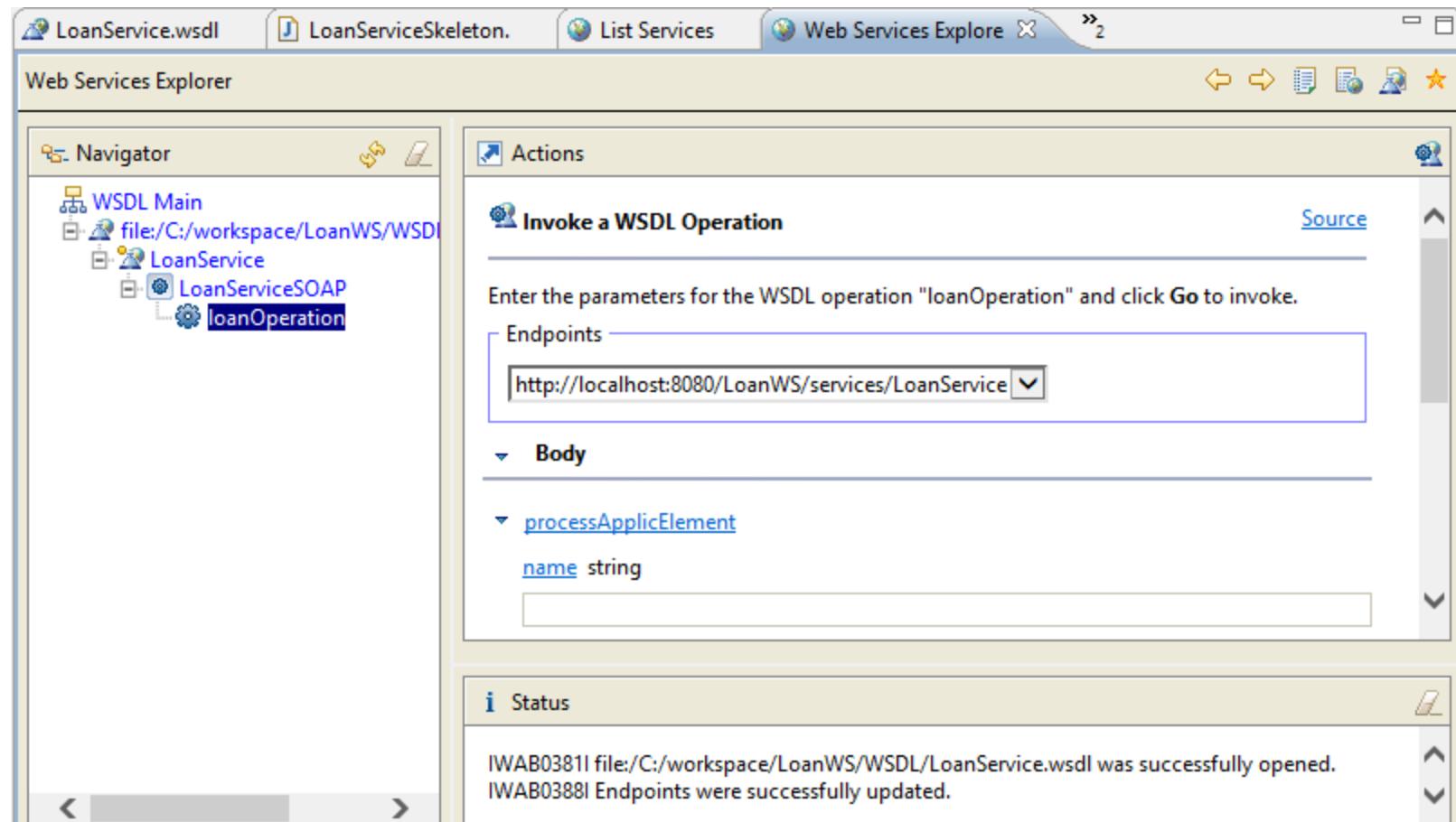
The code implements a method named 'loanOperation' that takes a 'ProcessAplicElement' parameter and returns a 'ProcessAplicRespElement'. It uses reflection to access fields from the incoming element. A vertical ellipsis is present between lines 31 and 32.

# Test if the WS is running

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the following details:

- Tab bar: LoanRequestor.xsd, LoanService.wsdl, Inline Schema of Loan, LoanServiceSkeleton.j, List Services
- Address bar: http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/listServices
- Content area:
  - Available Operations**
    - getVersion
  - LoanService**
    - Service Description :** LoanService
    - Service EPR :** http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService
    - Service Status :** Active
  - Available Operations**
    - loanOperation

# WS in the Web Services Browser



# Testing the WS

The screenshot shows the Web Services Explorer interface with the following details:

- Toolbar:** Includes tabs for "LoanService.wsdl", "LoanServiceSkeleton.", "List Services", and "Web Services Explore".
- Actions Bar:** Includes icons for back, forward, search, and other navigation.
- Navigator:** Shows the WSDL Main structure:
  - file:/C:/workspace/LoanWS/WSDL
  - LoanService
  - LoanServiceSOAP
  - loanOperation
- Actions Panel:** Displays the "Body" section of the "processApplicElement" action, which contains five input fields:
  - name string
  - address string
  - age int
  - annualSalary double
  - amountRequested double

# Testing the WS

endpoints

▾

Body

processApplicElement

name string  
John

address string  
Paxou 17

age int  
30

annualSalary double  
25000

amountRequested double  
10000

Status

processApplicRespElement

response (string): Loan Application APPROVED.

# Testing the WS

Body

processApplicElement

name string  
George

address string  
Kapodistrias 21

age int  
30

annualSalary double  
12000

amountRequested double  
10000

i Status

processApplicRespElement

response (string): Loan Application REJECTED - Reason: Annual Salary \$12000.0 too low. Annual Salary needs to be over \$20000.0 to qualify

# Testing the WS

Actions

Body

processApplicElement

name string  
Mary

address string  
Inatou 10

age int  
67

annualSalary double  
50000

amountRequested double  
5000

i Status

processApplicRespElement

6/5/20 response (string): Loan Application REJECTED - Reason: Over-aged 67. Age needs to be under 65 years to qualify.

# Testing the WS

 **Invoke a WSDL Operation**

Enter the parameters for the WSDL operation "loanOperation" and click **Go** to invoke.

Endpoints



▼ **Body**

▼ [processApplicElement](#)

name string

address string

age int

annualSalary double

▼ **Status**

▼ [processApplicRespElement](#)

response (string): Loan Application REJECTED - Reason: Under-aged 17. Age needs to be over 18 years to qualify.

# Testing the WS

Actions  
http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService

Body

processApplicElement

name string  
Nikos

address string  
Kapodistria 23

age int  
45

annualSalary double  
70000

amountRequested double  
4000000

Status

processApplicRespElement

response (string): Loan Application REJECTED - Reason: You are asking for too much \$4000000.0. Annual Salary \$70000.0, Age 45 years. Your limit is \$875000.0

## Loan Client Example using PHP

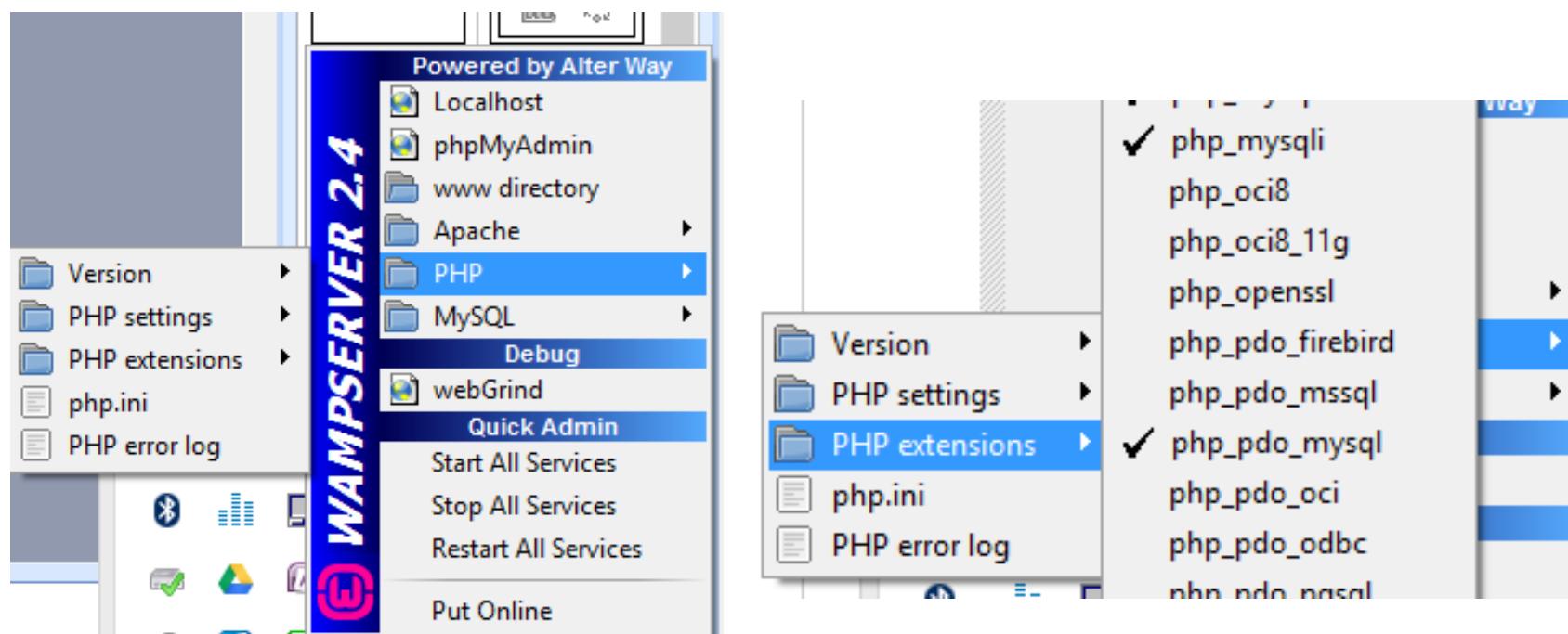
***For writing a client manually in Java or testing the Web Service through the Web Services Browser, SOAP UI see the previous Assisting Lecture***

# Prerequisites

- Php must be installed on your PC
- A program like XAMP or WAMP can be very helpful when developing php and mysql applications
- Download wamp for example
- Work Done in C:\wamp\www
- Place a test.php there to see if php is running

# Php and SOAP

- Enable php\_soap extensions(or delete the ';' from the corresponding extension of the php.ini file)
- Native SoapClient, see <http://php.net/soapclient>

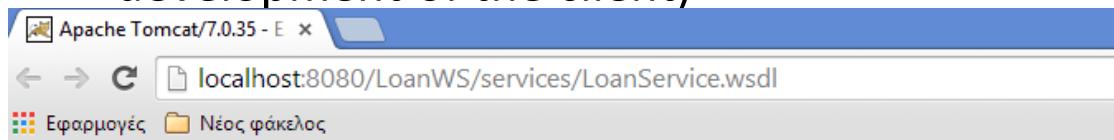


# Steps

- A php client can be developed in a very similar way as any other client (jsp client, java client, etc)
1. Check that the Web Service is running (check the wsdl file)
    - Most common you will have to start Tomcat from the Eclipse IDE (assuming that use one)
  2. Develop the php client
    - Using for example a simple editor like Notepad++
  3. Test the Web service using the client
    1. Through your Web browser (Firefox, Chrome, etc)

# Step 1

- Before testing your Web Service (either in php or wherever) always make sure that the service is running.
- Otherwise you will retrieve a fault similar to the following one (after the development of the client)



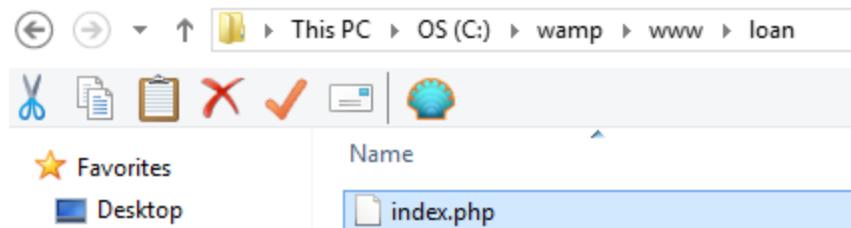
This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below:

```
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:tns="http://w
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" name="LoanService" targetNamespa
    <wsdl:types>
      <xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
        <xsd:import namespace="http://www.example.org/LoanService/" schemaLocation="Lo
      </xsd:schema>
    </wsdl:types>
    <wsdl:message nam
      <wsdl:part name=
    </wsdl:message>
    <wsdl:message nam
      <wsdl:part name=
    </wsdl:message>
    <wsdl:portType name="LoanService">
      <wsdl:operation name="loanOperation">
        <wsdl:input message="tns:loanOperationRequest"></wsdl:input>
        <wsdl:output message="tns:loanOperationResponse"></wsdl:output>
      </wsdl:operations>
```

Error!SOAP-ERROR: Parsing WSDL: Couldn't load from  
'http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService?wsdl' : failed to load  
external entity "http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService?wsdl"

## Step 2

- Create a php file in the folder you created previously (i.e. index.php)



- We want to create an input form (html) so that users provide their details (name, address, salary, amount requested, etc)
  - You can use some css to style the form etc (e.g. style.css)
- The Web Service will be invoked when users submit their form
- The Web Service responds and users see the result of the loan request (approved or rejected and for which reason)
- In the following slides, a simple example follows (note that I do not tackle exceptional states, etc but you should do..)

# Index.php

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
<link type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
<meta name="author" content="Myron Papadakis">
<title>PHP Client for Loan Scenario</title>
</head>
<body>
    <header class="main">
        <h1>Loan Request</h1>
    </header>
    <section class="main">
        <?php
            if(isset($_POST['name']) && isset($_POST['address']) && isset($_POST['age'])
            && isset($_POST['salary']) && isset($_POST['amount'])) {
                $name = $_POST['name'];
                $address = $_POST['address'];
                $age = $_POST['age'];
                $salary = $_POST['salary'];
            }
        </?php>
    </section>
</body>
```

# Index.php

```
$amount = $_POST['amount'];
}
if(isset($_POST['submit'])) {
$wsdl = 'http://localhost:8080/LoanWS/services/LoanService?wsdl';
$debug = false;
try{
    $client = new SoapClient($wsdl);
    if($debug){
        var_dump ($client->_getFunctions());
        var_dump($client->_getTypes());
    }
    $params = array ('name' => $name, 'address' => $address, 'age' => $age, 'annualSalary' => $salary, 'amount' => $amount);
    $result = $client->loanOperation($params);
    if (is_soap_fault($result)) {
        trigger_error("SOAP Fault: (faultcode: {$result->faultcode},
                      faultstring: {$result->faultstring})", E_USER_ERROR);
    }
    echo $result->response;
}
catch (Exception $e){
    echo "Error!";
    echo $e -> getMessage ();
}

```

array (size=1)  
0 => string 'processApplResponse loanOperation(processApplType \$parameters)' (length=62)

array (size=2)  
0 => string 'struct processApplType {  
string name;  
string address;  
int age;  
double annualSalary;  
double amountRequested;  
' (length=114)  
1 => string 'struct processApplResponse {  
string response;  
' (length=48)

# Index.php

```
?>

<form method="post" action="index.php">
    <label>Name:</label>
    <input name="name" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Address:</label>
    <input name="address" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Age:</label>
    <input name="age" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Salary:</label>
    <input name="salary" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Amount requested:</label>
    <input name="amount" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <input id="submit" name="submit" type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</section>
</body>
</html>
```

# Step 3

## Loan Request

Name:

Goes Here

Address:

Goes Here

Age:

Goes Here

Salary:

Goes Here

Amount requested:

Goes Here

Submit

```
<form method="post" action="index.php">
    <label>Name:</label>
    <input name="name" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Address:</label>
    <input name="address" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Age:</label>
    <input name="age" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Salary:</label>
    <input name="salary" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <label>Amount requested:</label>
    <input name="amount" placeholder="Goes Here">
    <input id="submit" name="submit" type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

Index.php (part)

```
label {
    display:block;
    margin-top:10px;
    letter-spacing:1px;
}

/* This section centers our complete page */
.main {
    display:block;
    margin:0 auto;
    width:500px;
}

/* This section centers the form inside our web page*/
form {
    margin:0 auto;
    width:420px;
}
```

Style.css (part)

# Demonstration Example

## Loan Request

Name:

CsdStudent

Address:

UoC Campus

Age:

24

Salary:

10000

Amount requested:

150000

## Loan Request

Loan Application REJECTED - Reason: Annual Salary \$10000.0 too low.  
Annual Salary needs to be over \$20000.0 to qualify.

Name:

Goes Here

Address:

Goes Here

Age:

Goes Here

Salary:

Goes Here

Amount requested:

Sub

Submit

# References

- **Top-down Approach:**  
[http://www.eclipse.org/webtools/community/tutorials/TopD  
ownAxis2WebService/td\\_tutorial.html](http://www.eclipse.org/webtools/community/tutorials/TopDownAxis2WebService/td_tutorial.html)
- [http://www.soapui.org/Working-with-soapUI/getting-  
started.html](http://www.soapui.org/Working-with-soapUI/getting-started.html)
- <http://php.net/manual/en/class.soapclient.php>

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